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Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

Attorney's Docket No. SONY-P7449

SIR:

**NEW APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL** 

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of Inventor(s): TOMOYUKI ASANO

Title:

CHARGING SYSTEM AND CHARGING METHOD

### **CERTIFICATION UNDER 37 CFR § 1.10**

I hereby certify that this New Application and the documents referred to as enclosed herein are being deposited with the United States Postal Service on this date May 29, 1997, in an envelope bearing "Express Mail Post Office To Addressee" Mailing Label Number EM393652075US addressed to: Box Patent Application, Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231.

**HOWARD WONG** 

(Name of person mailing paper)

(Signature)

Enclosed are:

1.	The papers	required	for filing	date	under	<b>CFR</b>	§	1.53	(b)	:
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21 Pages of specification (including claims);

6 Sheets of drawings.

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- 2. x Declaration or oath
- 3. x Power of Attorney
- 4. x Assignment of the invention to Sony Corporation (including Form PTO-1595).
- 5. Fee Calculation
  - \_\_ Amendment changing number of claims or deleting multiple dependencies is enclosed.

#### **CLAIMS AS FILED**

	Number Filed	Number Extra	Rate	Basic Fee (\$770)
Total Claims	16 - 20	0	x \$22.00	0
Independent Claims	2 - 3	0	x \$80.00	О
Multiple dep	pendent claim(s), if	any	\$260.00	0

<sup>\*</sup>If less than zero, enter "0".

Filing Fee Calculation ..... \$770.00

6. \_\_ Small Entity Statement - verified statement enclosed 50% Filing Fee Reduction (if applicable) . . . . . . . . . \$0 7. Other Fees Other fees Specify Total Fees Enclosed ..... \$810.00 8. Payment of Fees x Check(s) in the amount of \$810.00 enclosed. Charge Account No. 12-1420 in the amount of \$\_\_. A duplicate of this transmittal is attached. 9. x Authorization to Charge Additional Fees The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees (or credit any overpayment) associated with this communication and which may be required under 37 CFR § 1.16 or § 1.17 to Account No. 12-1420. A duplicate sheet is attached. 10. All correspondence regarding this application should be forwarded to the undersigned attorney: Philip M. Shaw, Jr. Limbach & Limbach L.L.P. 2001 Ferry Building San Francisco, CA 94111 Telephone: 415/433-4150 Facsimile: 415/433-8716 11. \_\_ Information Disclosure Statement 12. x Return Receipt Postcard 13. x Claim of priority in foreign application 14. x Certified copy of Japanese Patent Appln. No. P08-145358 f. 6/07/96 LIMBACH & LIMBACH L.L.P. May 29, 1997 By: Philip M. Shaw, Jr. (Date) Registration No. 25,376

(S97P449US00)

Attorney(s) or Agent(s) of Record

### CHARGING SYSTEM AND CHARGING METHOD

# BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a charging system and a charging method for electronic commerce system, for example relates to a charging system and the method for providing service via a network and enabling proper charging processing.

Description of Related Art

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For an example of service via a network, network connection service by a group called a network provider can be given. The brief description of this service is as follows:

That is, a user connects his/her terminal provided with a modem function to a terminal provided by a network provider via a public telephone line. The network provider connects his/her terminal to, for example the Internet and sets so that the user can connect to the Internet from his/her terminal.

At this time, the network provider calculates a fee for the use of the user based upon time during which the user connects to the Internet, informs the user of the calculated fee and informs a bank where the user has an account and others of the beforehand known account number of the user. Hereby, the bank transfers an amount equivalent to the above fee for the use from the account of the user to the account of the network provider.

As described above, a service provider provides service to users, charges a fee for the use of a user and can receive an amount equivalent to the fee.

However, there is a problem in the charging method of conventional type network service that even if a network provider charges a user a more amount than an amount to be charged properly, it is difficult for the user to clarify this fact.

There is also a problem that it is also difficult that a network provider proves he/she charges a user a proper fee.

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### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is made to solve such a situation and the object is to enable a user to prove that a service provider charges a wrong fee and to enable a service provider to prove that he/she charges a user a proper fee.

A charging system disclosed in Claim 1 is characterized in that the system is provided with fee collection means for collecting a fee equivalent to service which a service provider provides to a user from the user independent of the service provider.

A charging method disclosed in Claim 9 is characterized

in that a fee equivalent to service which a service provider provides to a user is collected from a user independent of the service provider.

In the charging system disclosed in Claim 1, fee collection means collects a fee equivalent to service provided

In the charging method disclosed in Claim 9, a fee equivalent to service provided to a user by the service provider is collected from the user independent of the service provider.

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# BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing an example of the configuration of a service providing system applying a charging system according to the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a flowchart for explaining the operation of the service providing system shown in Fig. 1;

Fig. 3 is a block diagram showing an example of another configuration of the service providing system applying the charging system according to the present invention;

Fig. 4 is a flowchart for explaining the operation of the service providing system shown in Fig. 3;

Fig. 5 is a block diagram showing an example of further

the other configuration of the service providing system applying the charging system according to the present invention; and

Fig. 6 is a flowchart for explaining the operation of the service providing system shown in Fig. 5.

# DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing the configuration of an embodiment of a service providing system applying a charging system according to the present invention. A user 1 requests a service provider 2 to provide predetermined service. The service provider 2 provides the predetermined service to the user 1 in response to the request from the user 1, charges the user 1 a fee equivalent to the service and requests a bank 3 (fee collection means) to collect the fee from the user 1. The bank 3 collects the fee from the user 1 in response to the request from the service provider 2.

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Next, referring to a flowchart shown in Fig. 2, the operation will be described below. First, in a step S1, a user 1 creates data (hereinafter called service request data) including, for example the name and the account number of the user 1, the name of a service provider 2, the name of service to be provided, a date, time and a hour/minute/second for service to be provided and the contents of service and digital

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signature data for the above data when the user utilizes service provided by the service provider 2 and sends the service request data and the digital signature data to the service provider 2.

Digital signature data can be created by adding a digital signature to original data, in this case service request data. Technique used for a digital signature is the one which enables only a signer to create specific data (digital signature data) in addition to original data and enables a third person to verify this digital signature data is based upon the original data of the signer. The details are described in "Contemporary Encryption Theory" written by Mrs. Shinichi Ikeno and Kenji Koyama and published by an incorporated body, Institute of Electronics and Communication Engineers of Japan (IECE).

Next, in a step S2, the service provider 2 checks whether digital signature data received from the user 1 is valid or not. Next, in a step S3, as a result of the check in the step S2, it is judged by the service provider 2 whether the digital signature data received from the user 1 is valid or not. If the received digital signature data is judged invalid, processing is terminated. In the meantime, if the received digital signature data is judged valid, processing proceeds to a step S4 and in case the service provider 2 allows this

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user 1 to utilize service, he/she provides service to the user 1.

For example, if the user does not pay a fee for former service, the service provider 2 does not provide service to the user.

Next, in a step S5, the service provider 2 informs a bank 3 of the name and account number of the user 1 and the amount of the fee and requests the bank to collect the fee from the user 1. In a step S6, the bank 3 informs the user 1 of the amount of the fee and that the fee is to be collected. Next, in a step S7, if the user 1 does not accept the amount of the fee, processing proceeds to a step S8 and for example, the user 1 informs the service provider 2 and the bank 3 that the user cannot accept the amount in a predetermined period and further, the user 1 requests the service provider 2 to disclose the service request data and digital signature data already sent to the service provider 2.

In a step S9, the service provider 2 discloses the above service request data and digital signature data already sent from the user 1, that is, data for a fee to the bank 3. Next, in a step S10, the bank 3 checks whether the service request data and digital signature data disclosed by the service provider 2 are valid or not and if the bank judges them valid, it calculates a proper fee based upon them, collects it from

the user 1 and pays it to the service provider 2.

In the meantime, in a step S7, if the user 1 accepts the fee informed by the bank 3, processing proceeds to a step S11, the bank 3 immediately collects the fee from the user 1 and pays it to the service provider 2.

When processing in the step S10 or S11 is finished, processing is terminated.

In the above embodiment, as described above, both in case an amount charged by the service provider 2 is right and wrong, a fact can be disclosed. For example, if the service provider 2 charges the user 1 a right fee, the service provider 2 can disclose the fact and if the service provider charges the user a wrong fee, the user 1 can disclose the fact. This is because service is not provided until the user 1 sends data which requests the use of service (service request data) and digital signature data which only the user 1 can create and is added to the above data to the service provider 2.

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That is, if the service provider 2 has service request data and digital signature data sent from the user 1 because the service provider 2 cannot forge digital signature data, he/she can prove that a right fee is charged the user 1. When it is indicated by the user 1 that the service provider 2 charges the user 1 a wrong fee in case the indication is right, the service provider 2 cannot prove that the fee is valid.

Fig. 3 is a block diagram showing an example of configuration in another embodiment of a service providing system applying a charging system according to the present invention. In the case of this example, a user 1 requests a service provider 2 to provide predetermined service. The service provider 2 provides predetermined service to the user 1 in response to the request from the user 1, charges a fee for the service to the user 1 and requests a bank 3 to collect the fee from the user 1. The bank 3 collects the fee from the user 1 in response to the request from the service provider 2.

Next, referring to a flowchart shown in Fig. 4, the operation will be described. First, in a step S21, when a user 1 utilizes service provided by a service provider 2, he/she creates service request data and digital signature data added to the service request data as in the above case shown in Fig. 2 and sends the service request data and digital signature data to the service provider 2.

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Next, processing proceeds to a step S22 and the service provider 2 checks whether the digital signature data received from the user 1 is valid or not. Next, in a step S23, as a result of the check in the step S22, it is judged by the service provider 2 whether the digital signature data received from the user 1 is valid or not. If the received digital signature

data is judged invalid, processing is terminated. In the meantime, if the received digital signature data is judged valid, processing proceeds to a step S24 and if the service provider 2 allows the user 1 to utilize service, he/she provides service to the user 1.

Next, in a step S25, the service provider 2 sends the service request data and digital signature data (data for a fee) received from the user 1 to a bank 3 and requests the bank to collect a predetermined fee from the user 1. In a step S26, the bank 3 checks whether the digital signature data sent from the service provider 2 is valid or not. If the digital signature data is valid, the bank 3 calculates a right fee based upon the service request data sent from the service provider 2, immediately collects it from the user 1 and pays it to the service provider 2 in a step S27. Afterward, processing is terminated.

As described above, in the case of the embodiment shown in Fig. 3, as it is not possible that a user protests against the fee, a processing cost can be reduced by processing required for such objection.

Fig. 5 is a block diagram showing the configuration of further the other embodiment of the service providing system applying the charging system according to the present invention. In the case of this example, an IC card 12 (storage

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means) is connected to the communication terminal 11 (hereinafter called a user communication terminal) of a user.

When a user communication terminal 11 requests a service provider 2 to provide predetermined service, data consisting of the contents of the request (service request data and digital signature data) is sent to the service provider 2 and is also automatically supplied to the IC card 12 and recorded in it. The service provider 2 provides predetermined service to the user 1 in response to the request from the user 1, charges the user 1 the fee and requests a bank 3 to collect the fee from the user 1. The bank 3 collects the fee from the user 1 in response to the request from the service provider 2.

Next, referring to a flowchart shown in Fig. 6, the operation will be described. First, in a step S31, a user communication terminal 11 creates service request data and digital signature data added to this data as in the above case referring to Fig. 2 when the user utilizes service provided by the service provider 2 and sends the service request data and digital signature data to the service provider 2. At this time, these service request data and digital signature data are automatically recorded in an IC card 12.

The IC card 12 is constituted by hardware so that it is easy to read the whole or a part of information recorded in it, however it is really impossible to modify the

information or information is recorded in the IC card using software technique.

Information (for example, personal information such as the name and the account number of a user using the user communication terminal 11) required for the user communication terminal 11 to create digital signature data is stored in the IC card 12 and digital signature data is created by CPU provided to the IC card 12 according to a predetermined program. When digital signature data is created, the service request data and the digital signature data are always recorded in a memory built in the IC card 12.

Next, processing proceeds to a step S32 and the service provider 2 checks whether digital signature data sent from the user communication terminal 11 is valid or not. Next, in a step S33, as a result of the check in the step S32, it is judged by the service provider 2 whether the digital signature data received from the user communication terminal 11 is valid or not. If the received digital signature data is judged invalid, processing is terminated. In the meantime, if the received digital signature data is judged valid, processing proceeds to a step S34 and if the service provider 2 allows the user using this user communication terminal 11 to utilize service, it provides service to the user communication terminal 11.

Next, in a step S35, the service provider 2 sends, for example the name of the user using the user communication terminal 11 and the amount of a fee to be charged and others to a bank 3 and requests the bank to collect a predetermined fee equivalent to service provided to the user from the user. In a step S36, the bank 3 sends the user communication terminal 11 the amount of the fee and informs the user using the user communication terminal that the fee for the provided service is to be collected.

Next, in a step S37, if the user using the user communication terminal 11 accepts the amount of the fee informed by the bank 3, processing proceeds to a step S40, the bank 3 immediately collects the fee from this user, pays it to the service provider 2 and processing is finished.

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In the meantime, if the user using the user communication terminal 11 does not accept the amount of the fee informed from the bank 3, processing proceeds to a step S38 and the user submits the IC card 12 connected to the user communication terminal 11 to the bank 3. Next, in a step S39, the bank 3 receives the IC card 12 from the user using the user communication terminal 11, reads service request data and digital signature data recorded there, checks their validity, if they are valid, calculates a right fee based upon the service request data, collects the fee from the user using

the user communication terminal 11 and after the bank pays it to the service provider 2, processing is terminated.

As described above, in the case of the embodiment shown in Fig. 5, when a user using a user communication terminal 11 proves a right fee, the cooperation of a service provider 2 is not required. As described above, this is because data once recorded in an IC card 12 is disabled from being changed by a user, any data required for calculating a right fee (in this case, service request data and digital signature data) is recorded in an IC card 12 and the user can submit this data to a bank 3. That is, the bank 3 can calculate the right fee based upon only data recorded in the IC card 12 submitted by the user without receiving any data from a service provider 2. Hereby, a processing procedure in charging can be simplified. In the above embodiments, a bank 3 collects a fee, however, the other third party may also collect it.

In the embodiment shown in Fig. 5, an IC card 12 is used, however, the other recording medium may be also used.

According to a charging system disclosed in Claim 1 and a charging method disclosed in Claim 9, as a fee equivalent to service provided to a user by a service provider is collected from the user independent of the service provider, the user can prove the fact of a wrong fee charged by the service provider and the service provider can prove the validity of

a fee charged the user by the service provider. Therefore, a right fee equivalent to service provided to the user by the service provider can be collected from the user.

## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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1. Charging system for electronic commerce, which comprises a service provider terminal providing service for a user via network by a request from a user terminal, the system charging a fee on the user corresponding to said service, comprising:

a charge collection terminal for collecting a fee from said user, which fee is reflected on said service provided by said service provider terminal,

the charge collection terminal existing individually from said service provider terminal.

2. Charging system for electronic commerce according to Claim 1, wherein:

said user terminal generates service request data and digital signature data and transmits them via network to said service provider terminal, the service request data is for requesting desired service of the user to said service provider terminal, the digital signature data is created based on said service request data; and

said service provider terminal transmits charged fee data calculated based on said service request data to said charge collection terminal, and transmits said digital signature data and said service request data to said charge collection terminal responding to request of said user.

3. Charging system for electronic commerce according to Claim 2, wherein:

said digital signature data is created only by said user.

4. Charging system for electronic commerce according to Claim 1, wherein:

said user terminal generates service request data and digital signature data and transmits them via network to said service provider terminal, the service request data is for requesting desired service of the user to said service provider terminal, the digital signature data is created based on said service request data;

said user terminal comprises memory medium which stores said service request data; and

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when the user has objection against the charge, in case of happening charged fee collection notice from said charge collection terminal, the user enables to send said memory medium to said charge collection terminal, and the charge collection terminal enables to read out said service request data and said digital signature data from said memory medium to confirm.

5. Charging system for electronic commerce according to Claim 4, wherein:

said digital signature data is created only by said

user.

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6. Charging system for electronic commerce according to Claim 4, wherein:

said service request data stored once in said memory medium is impossible to rewrite.

7. Charging system for electronic commerce according to Claim 1, wherein:

said service provider terminal charges a fee to said user based on time period providing said service to the user.

8. Charging system for electronic commerce according to Claim 1, wherein:

said service provider terminal charges a fee to said user based on contents provided to the user.

9. A method of charging for electronic commerce, service provider terminal providing service for a user via network by a request from a user terminal, and charging a fee on the user corresponding to said service, comprising steps of that:

collecting a charged fee from said user by a charge collection terminal, which fee is reflected on said service provided by said service provider terminal, wherein:

the charge collection terminal is provided individually from said service provider terminal.

10. A method of charging for electronic commerce

according to Claim 9, wherein:

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generating service request data and digital signature data on said user terminal, transmitting the service request data and the digital signature data via network to said service provider terminal, the service request data is for requesting desired service of the user to said service provider terminal, the digital signature data is created based on said service request data;

transmitting charged fee data by said service provider terminal calculated based on said service request data to said charge collection terminal; and

transmitting said digital signature data and said service request data from said service provider terminal to said charge collection terminal responding to the request of said user.

11. A method of charging for electronic commerce according to Claim 10, wherein:

said digital signature data is created only by said user.

12. A method of charging for electronic commerce according to Claim 9, wherein:

generating service request data and digital signature data by said user terminal;

transmitting said service request data and said digital